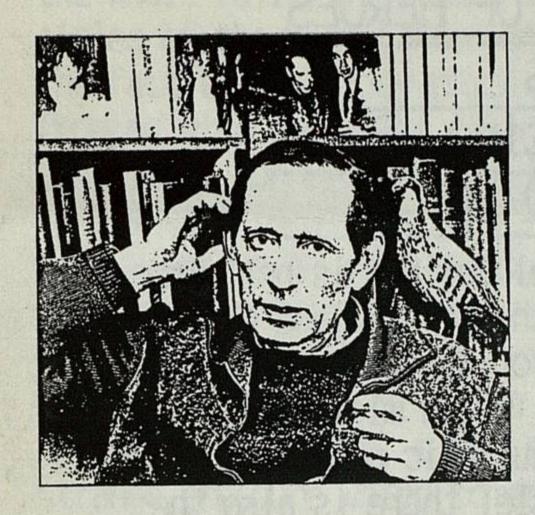
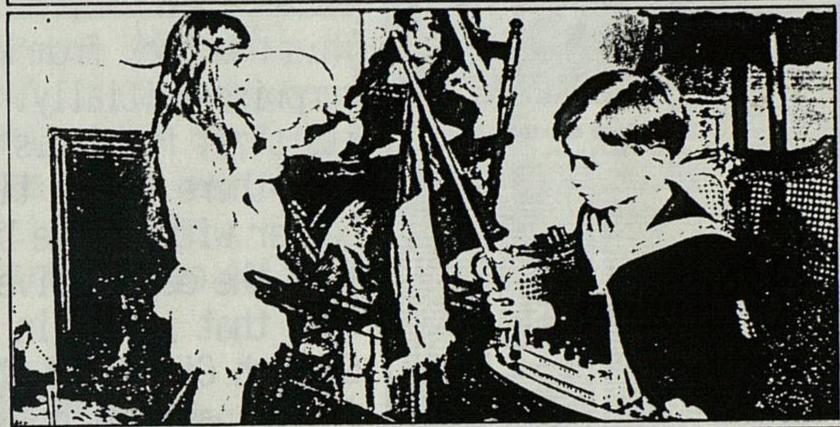
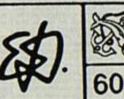
## UTE KORNER-LITERA RONDA GUINARDO 32-5º-5º-BARCELONA 08025 SPAIN TEL: 2550414



Miguel Delibes 377A, madera de héroe



Ediciones Destino Áncora y Delfin





377 A, THE STUFF OF HEROES by Miguel Delibes published by Destino, Barcelona, 1987. 440 pp.

NOVELS IN RECENT YEARS."

EL PAÍS, domingo 6 de diciembre de 1987

# FATE IS CONTRARY

### DELIBES WRITES ABOUT HEROISM



377 A, THE STUFF OF HEROES by Miguel Delibes published by Destino, Barcelona, 1987. 440 pp.

This new book from Miguel Delibes is not without surprise initially. In the first place because of its size, for it is one of his longest novels; then there is the title, which might have been better without the bureaucratic nomenclature before the descriptive title; there is also the fact that it is, in principle, a novel about the Spanish Civil War, in which Delibes participated in the navy, although in the course of his extensive narrative work he has never tackled the subject head on. Miguel Delibes is leaving us an exceptional novelistic testimony of postwar Spain and of the realities of the region of Castile, but not a testimony of the war as such, which he has only dealt with, and then metaphorically, in the excellent fable of collective morality, Las guerras de nuestros antepasados (The Wars of our Forefathers), in which the conflicts multiply in order to better reveal their madness. Finally, as the reader begins the book, there is a long sixteen-line sentence, something which is not very usual for a narrator so deliberately clear and so continously in search of simplicity.

All becomes clear, of course, on reading the book. The last of the initial surprises is the event which sparks off the story: a boy from an aristocratic family in the region of Castile undergoes a strange transformation in a particular situation - when, at the initiative of his grandfather, an old Carlist officer, he hears some military songs, his hair literally stands on end. That

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vent, which Delibes describes with the greatest of care, without recourse to irony and in a quite cold and objective way, is the subject of multiple conjectures on the part of the members of the aristocratic family. With the exception of the father - a man of more humble family origins, a republican doctor, naturalist and homoeopath the whole family is imbued with the solid principles of the most conservative traditionalism. The fact that the boy physically quivers when confronted with phenomena like the one described above leads surreptitiously to the feeling that he is destined to be a hero. Two thirds of the book - the part which most easily attracts the readerthus seem to make up a novel about upbringing in the traditional style, the education of a boy from the Castile region of Spain in the years leading up to the Civil War, a boy subjected to the strange pressure which comes of having been called to the highest of destinies.

# HADOMINIO DE LIBROS III LIAMANTATA CEPAROLA ESTURAS perfectas El Marco de dos jovenes countistas Marco de dos jovenes countistas

#### TRIAL BY FIRE

The novel, then, is not a novel about the Civil War, nor about war in general, although in the end the conflict does break out and does become real in the last one hundred pages. But the war is nothing more than the culmination which is to reveal the truth about the whole previous process, the trial by fire of the claimed heroism.

Little by little, and with the utmost care taken by the excellent narrator Miguel Delibes, the reader is led to the discovery that he has before him an apalogue, a moral fable, one of the currents which run through the work of this writer from beginning to end. Its two poles have always been Castile and ethics, the two at times coming together in masterly fashion. It can take the form of a civic lesson (Cinco horas con Mario - Five Hours with Mario, 1966), satire (Mi idolatrado hijo Sisí - My idolized Son Sisí, 1953), or that of a theoritical quest in his more dubious moments (Parábola del naúfrago - Parable of the Shipwrecked, 1969) and in his best, such as the above-mentioned Las



\* The Hedge

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guerras de nuestros antepasados (1975). This 377A, MADERA DE HEROE thus turns out to be a sort of private prolongation of the theme developed in the previous novel, although it is superior in terms of narrative expression - hindered in the earlier work by the technique of psychological interrogation.

The bureaucratic number alongside the descriptive title is deliberately placed there in order to demythologize it, to reduce a so-called absolute ideal to administrative terms. It is not possible to bureaucratize the hero. The novel moves forward with clarity and rhythm; reality gets inside this boy who is not only unmarked by the fate which had been promised him but is, rather, governed by the fate of ordinary mortals. His father, on the other hand, describes this immortal symptom as an 'horribilization', that is, as an attack of fear, and the youth will make his definitive discovery of this when he comes face to face with the war and with death. But he will also discover the ambiguity of heroism, for the person who is a hero for one cause will be a traitor for the opposing cause and, when reduced to subjectivity, the boundary between good and bad causes becomes a line so fine that it almost disappears.

Heroes do not exist, of course, and heroism is nothing more than a result in which the subsequent circumstances of the protagonist have more influence than his will. Miguel Delibes speaks with wisdom, with a strange and almost unnoticed serene sarcasm which is nevertheless present from beginning to end. He speaks in the name of the bulk of mortals and investigates the contradictions of this own world with his usual rigour and austerity. And this is the best of his novels in recent years.

RAFAEL CONTE

# "THIS IS THE BEST OF HIS NOVELS IN RECENT YEARS."

NOVEMBER 11, 1990

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#### Spanish Heroism and Virtue



THE STUFF OF HEROES

By Miguel Delibes, translated by Frances M. Lopez-Morillas Pantheon; 293 pages; \$22.95

REVIEWED BY STEPHEN SCHWARTZ

iguel Delibes, born in 1920, 16 years before the onset of the Spanish Civil War, emerged as a novelist in the aftermath of that tragedy. Under the Franco dictatorship in 1947, he received a literary honor, the Nadal Prize.

As a writer, Delibes has overcome the Franco-era heritage of continued political polarization. In "The Stuff of Heroes," published in Spanish three years ago and translated into English by Frances M. Lopez-Morillas for U.S. publication recently, he provides a rare look at the war from the viewpoint of a Franco partisan.

His hero, Gervasio, a young recruit to Franco's naval forces, has experiences in the war that are not, in the end, very different from those of his Republican enemies. Delibes' subtle weaving of emotions and observations is a parable of reconciliation, 50 years later, for the million who died in the war.

Gervasio's family is a group of fading aristocrats. His father, Don Telmo, is a supporter of the Republic and is arrested and interned at the beginning of the fighting, but is saved from death by the intervention of other family members, who are Francoists. Gervasio also has two "crazy" uncles who are brutally executed.

Yet his family calls on him to erase this horror from his memory, and Gervasio finds in the civil war a means of self-discovery and fulfillment by enlisting as a naval cadet. Before he reports for duty he experiences a life behind the lines that seems to mirror what generally is known about the ordeal of the Spanish Republic.

"Uncontrollable" pro-Franco extremists carry out terror raids and murders. Aerial bombings sow panic and hatred among city dwellers on both sides, and they react with reprisals against political prisoners (Gervasio prays that his father, who is being held captive in a bullring, will not be killed). Political competition between fascists and monarchists is as fierce under the counter-revolutionary flag as that between Communists and anarchists in leftist-controlled territory. Everywhere is Goyaesque agony.

Like the young volunteers of the left who went to their deaths singing revolutionary anthems, Gervasio enters the naval service under the spell of a heroic Foreign Legion and its quintessentially Iberian marching song, "Death's Sweetheart": "No one in the ranks/ Knew that soldier's name,/ So brave and so audacious / Who enlisted seeking fame..."

Gervasio's progress through the ranks of the Franco navy is not easy. Here, too, the subtext is significant, for almost the entire Spanish navy, as alluded to frequently in these pages, sided with the Republic, with the lower ranks killing the officers.

Thus, to enter the naval service was to acquire yet another burden, since the Navy was viewed with suspicion by Francoites.

Delibes is not an apologist for Franco's counter-revolution. He is simply an accurate recorder of the ultimate truth of all civil wars: that neither side has a monopoly on martyrdom, virtue or heroism. This touching, beautiful book deserves a very wide readership.

Stephen Schwartz is on the staff of The Chronicle.

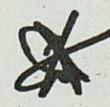
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#### **BOOKS**



Till the End of Time A By Allen Appel Doubleday, \$19.95

The time-traveler of "Twice Upon a Time" and "Time After Time" returns, here thrust back to the eve of Hiroshima; while he wrestles with the dilemma of whether or not to prevent the bombing of Japan, back in the future his female love interest (ignorant of his whereabouts) tracks a story on Japanese biochemical warfare for The New York Times.



#### The Stuff of Heroes By Miguel Delibes Pantheon, \$22.95

A child's-eye view of a politically divided aristocratic family during the Spanish Civil War; by one of Spain's most acclaimed novelists.

MD

MIGUEL DELIBES Review

(American Library
Association) 1000 Klust 5
9/15/90

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Delibes, Miguel. The Stuff of Heroes. Sept. 1990. 295p. Pantheon, \$19.95 (0-394-57746-9). Galley.

[CIP] 89-43253

Like Hugo Claus' Sorrow of Belgium [BKL Je 1 90], which depicted a young boy growing up in fascist Belgium on the brink of World War II, Spanish writer Delibes' coming-ofage novel is set during the equally politically charged and tempestuous time of the Spanish civil war. Gervasio has had premonitions of hero status since he was a mere child: his neck hairs stood on end when he heard military marches, and he has been susceptible to sudden mystical swoons as well. Eventually, as a naval recruit, Gervasio will get the chance to become a real hero, but by this time his indoctrination will cancel all the expected glory and pride, and death will seem a more likely reward for the truly heroic deed. But even before this moral flash point, Gervasio's family and their position in conservative Spanish society also become problems for Gervasio, as sides in the forthcoming battle are chosen and his relatives divide in their patriotic allegiance. English readers may not catch all of the historical resonance of Delibes' story, but the depiction of Gervasio's family life resounds with laughter and anguish. -John Brosnahan

